THE

# Caledonian Mercury

No. 9705. EDINBURGH, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 19. 1783.

## PRACTICE OF THE LAW,

BY

WALTER ROSS, WRITER TO THE SIGNET.

THIS branch of Education is proposed to be completed in two years.

The first course of Lectures, upon the subject of PERSONAL RIGHTS, was delivered last Winter.

The subject for the present season is that of the HEREDITABLE RIGHTS of SCOTLAND.

The PRACTICE of the COURTS is to employ the Summer Sessions.

The class opens upon Tuesday the 25th curt. at one o'clock afternoon.

ON FRIDAY and SATURDAY next, beginning at six o'clock, will be sold off, by auction, at the Auction House, east wing of the Exchange,

A VERY COMPLETE COLLECTION OF BOOKS IN THE

## LAW OF SCOTLAND, &c.

Containing those that are most scarce and difficult to get.

The books are all in good condition, for the most part new, and neatly bound, and the common rules of auction will be observed.

Catalogues to be had at the shop of J. and E. Balfour, who will carefully execute commissions for such Gentlemen as cannot attend.

At the above Shop may also be had,

Very fine Ink Standishes, of various kinds.
The very best Black-lead Pencils.
Fine glazed Wafers of different colours.
Fine black shining Sand.
Good Quills, at various prices.
Fine black Ink, shining Ink, and common Ink.
Paper of every denomination, at the lowest prices.
Bergman's Outlines of Mineralogy, price 2s. 6d.
Linnæus's System of Vegetables, No. 1. price 5s.

## Carron Grates, Steel Grates, Jacks, &c.

JOHN SIBBALD, South, College Wynd, respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, that he sells

| | |
|---|---|
| Carron Grates. | Kitchen Grates. |
| Register Smoke Stoves. | Jacks. |
| London Pantheon Grates. | English Fenders. |
| Boiling Tables. | Fire Irons. |
| Perpetual Ovens. | Dressing Irons. |
| Furnace Doors and Bars. | Locks and Hinges. |

Has just finished a few bright Steel Grates, of the newest London patterns, proper for drawing rooms, which he flatters himself will give satisfaction to every person of taste.

CONTINUES TO MAKE

Iron Doors and Chests, out-side and stair-case Railing, figured or plain; figured Balconies for windows, and every other article in the Smith business.

From the attention J. Sibbald has given to the business here and in London, he hopes he will be able to furnish his employers with any of the above articles of the very best qualities, and at the lowest prices.

## FRUITS.

JUST arrived from Malaga, in the Lady Frances, Archibald Pottenger master, a Cargo, consisting of the following FRUITS, viz.

| | |
|---|---|
| Muscatell Raisins in boxes, | Lemons in ditto, |
| Bloom Raisins in jars, | Pomgranates in boxes, |
| Sun Raisins in casks, | Jordan Almonds in casks, |
| Lexica Raisins in casks and frails, | Valentia Almonds in ditto, |
| Wine Grapes in jars, | Figs in casks and frails, |
| China Oranges in chests, | Shoemack in bags,—and |
| Seville Oranges in ditto, | A parcel of Cork. |

Orders addressed to John Thomson and Co. or Thomas Waugh, Leith, will be punctually answered.

## SCOTCH SOCIETY in NORWICH.

THE Annual Meeting of the SCOTS SOCIETY in Norwich, first founded in 1775. for granting relief to the natives of Scotland, and afterwards of all other nations in England not entitled thereto in their distress, however great, by the laws of that kingdom, will be held this year at the White Swan, at St Peter's, Mariecroft, in Norwich, at three in the afternoon precisely, to deliberate on the affairs of the Society.

A printed account of this Society, its articles, &c. may be had of Mr J. Murray, No. 32. Fleet-street, London.

## IRISH INTELLIGENCE.

### NATIONAL CONVENTION.

*Rotunda, Nov.* 11. 1783.

Proposed, That all Volunteers of the city and county of Dublin in uniform be admitted.—An amendment by Mr Edgworth, that a Bench be appointed for Members of the Houses of Lords and Commons; opposed by Mr Brownlow and others, and given up without a division.—The original motion was carried.

Counsellor *Fitzgerald* declared, he would oppose every question that did not relate to Parliamentary Reform, being so instructed by his constituents, the Volunteers of Munster.

The Rev. *William Bruce* moved, That the roll should be called, and each member assent or dissent when his name was called out; which mode of determination should be adopted instead of dividing the House.—Carried.——He also proposed, That lists be published each day of the way each member divided on each question, or if absent.

Mr *Newport* desired an amendment to specify where a member was attending Committees of House of Commons, and Counsellor Hacket, when absent by sickness, both of which were carried, as also the original motion.

A letter from Mr Flood, mentioning his being prevented by sickness from attending, read; and the House admitted.

Mr *Hatton* moved, That the Chairman should have power to enforce order, and such rules and regulations as were always observed by popular assemblies. Carried unanimously.

Rev. Mr *Bruce* then moved, That lists agreeable to 14th resolution of Dungannon, be produced by the Delegates of each county, and laid on the table to-morrow at twelve o'clock, which brought on a long debate.

Lord *Farnham* objected to the motion.

Mr *Newport* objected to that part relative to the number of Roman Catholicks, as did several others, on account of the message delivered this morning.

Lord *Brifiel* insisted the message could only be reckoned the act of an individual, as Roman Catholics in general had not consented, and that those of this city were to meet this night to deliberate on it.

Counsellor *Fitzgerald* exposed the absurdity of Delegates not being prepared with the state of representation, and situation of boroughs in their counties, and shewed how impossible it was for the Northern to judge of the Southern, without such information.

Major *Crawford* and Captain *Dawson* spoke ably as to the necessity of such state of Representation; and Counsellor *Blosset* spoke well as to the necessity of the measure, and declared, that in Galway lists had been taken, and that though the Roman Catholics would not put any obstacle in way of their present measure, yet they did not give up future claims.

After a long Debate, in which Col. Hatton, Col. Bunfield, Mr Edgworth, Mr Haynes, and Mr Lyster took a part, it was at length ordered, That such lists should be laid on the table to-morrow morning, at twelve o'clock.

Mr *Lyster* then moved, That a Committe of the whole House be appointed, to take into immediate consideration a Parliamentary Reform.

Mr *Wills* moved a resolution, expressive of loyalty to the King, and affection to Great Britain.

Mr Brownlow, Rev. Mr Bruce, Sir Edward Newenham, and several other gentlemen, thought it rather awkwardly brought in; but, as it had been brought in, thought it could not be withdrawn—and after some conversation it passed unanimously.

Mr *Lyster* then resumed his original motion, which, after a long conversation, in which Mr Mossom, Counsellor Fitzgerald, Counsellor Hacket, Lord Valentia, Mr Nevill, Colonel Hatton, and Mr Newport took a part, was carried unanimously.

Lord *Bristol* then proposed, that it be an instruction to this Committee, that they do appoint a Sub-Committee, consisting of one member from each county and county of town, 21 to be a quorum, to be chosen by the Delegates of each county, and that they do digest and prepare a plan of Parliamentary Reform.

Mr *Moor* spoke well in favour of the motion.

Counsellor *Blosset* gave preference to a General Committee, but was over-ruled, and Lord Bristol's motion carried.

Lord Charlemont having left the chair, Mr Brownlow was chosen Chairman of the Committee of the whole House; and the Sub-Committee were chosen agreeable to Lord Bristol's motion. And the Convention adjourned until Friday morning, to receive the report of the Committee.

## IRISH PARLIAMENTARY INTELLIGENCE.

### HOUSE OF COMMONS, TUESDAY Nov. 11.

### COMMITTEE OF SUPPLY.

The Right Honourable John Foster in the chair.

The *Attorney General* began his official motions,—That 4000 l. be granted to the Right Honourable Edmond Sexten Pery, the better to support the dignity of the chair. Granted.

He then made a few observations on the immense sums of money granted by the House for public works and manufactures, amounting to near half the national debt; and said, if he was supported therein, there should not be a farthing granted this session for these purposes; "That all grants, except those for the Dublin Society, Charter Schools, and the officers of the House, shall not exceed the sum of 15,000 l."

Mr *Griffith* said, that when he had lately cast his eyes around, to discover some prospect of œconomy, he did not imagine the manufactures of his country would ever become an object thereof. That he had no job to carry, but he was convinced our manufacturers required greater capitals than those of England, as they are obliged to prepare all the component parts themselves; and beside that, contend with the rich established manufacturers of England, who lose no opportunity of destroying them, as was lately the case, when the people of Manchester sent agents here, to buy up all the cotton. He concluded with declaring his partiality to two great objects at this time, which was the cotton manufacture, and the Grand Canal.

Mr *Kearney* observed, that when we could not export a thread of our fabrics, except white linens, we encouraged our manufactures with an unsparing hand; but now that our exports were free, we stinted all encouragement.

Mr *Lowther* moved, that 20,000 l. be substituted for 15,000 l.

Mr *Fitzgibbon* said, that voting 15,000 l. annually, was equal to our formerly voting 30,000 l.

Mr *Green*. "I voted for 15,000 men on our military establishment, I now would vote a liberal encouragement to our manufactures, to enable the people to pay these 15,000 men." He then launched out into encomiums on Mr Smith's manufactory at Balbriggan, where 600 hands were employed.—— 3000 l. had been expended in setting it up, but 8000 l. more were required to complete it. He then moved that the sum stinted be 30,000 l. The sum of 15,000 l. was agreed to.

At half after two the Speaker resumed the chair, when the chairman reported some progress, and begged leave to sit again; after which the House adjourned.

### GRAND COMMITTEE OF SUPPLY,

Right Hon. JOHN FOSTER in the Chair,

Colonel *Ross* moved, that a vote of supply be granted to his Majesty for the inland navigation.—Granted.

That 1000 l. per annum be granted for the same purpose.—Granted.

The *Attorney-General* moved, that 100 l. be granted to Mr John Wetheral, as a compensation for his expence going to London on the public business.—Granted.

That 300 l. be granted to the Speaker, to be by him apportioned to the clerks attending the election committees.—Granted.

That 300 l. be granted to Dr Ellis for extra clerks.—Granted.

Mr *Pelham* then rose according to promise, and delivered from notes in his hands, the actual and comparative state of the nation, by which it appeared there was an arrear incurred and to be provided for 350,000 l.; but from the probable encrease of the revenue, and the addition of the Post-Office income, he would propose a loan for only the sum of 300,000 l. He said he would not propose any additional duties, nor would he prescribe the manner of procuring the money, leaving it to the wisdom of Parliament.

Mr *Flood* said, I hoped to hear a better account from the Right Hon. Gentleman; but I own I am not much comforted by what has fallen from him, in the statement of the national finances he has just given. I observe therein several articles, in my opinion, mistated, so as to give a more favourable aspect to our affairs than I fear they deserve, particularly in the credits he has taken for the sums of money, which are not forthcoming, or perhaps never may. Such is a credit for 20,000 l. of widows pensions uncalled for, and money remaining in Collectors hands; which credits I do by no means agree to be efficient, as the widows pensions may be called for, and the payment of money, due by the Collectors, may never be made.—The statement of the hereditary revenue is also a false one, as it is taken as in the year 1767, since which time it has decreased by the operation of the additional duties, which always lessen the hereditary revenue; so that in fact there is a much greater sum deficient than 350,000 l. However, I shall not oppose the loan of 300,000 l. because I know it is necessary.

Mr *Pelham*, in answer, said, that he admitted what the gentleman observed respecting the widows pensions; but, continued he, though I have computed the statement on the scale of two years, we only mean to provide for fifteen months, as I understand the supply will not be for a longer time.

Mr *Dennis Daly* observed, that the money stated in the Collector's hands was all to be considered as ready money, they having acknowledged it, and were prepared to pay it.

Mr *Corry* asked what it was computed the Post-Office might produce at this time?

Mr *Pelham* said, he could not answer accurately; but it was thought about nine or ten thousand pounds.

The *Attorney-General* moved, that 2,156,000 l. be the supply to be granted his Majesty.—Agreed.

That a further supply of 1000 l. per annum be granted for the English Protestant Schools.—Agreed.

The House resumed.

Ordered that the report from the Committee of Supply be received to-morrow.

Mr *George Ogle* moved, that Green and Plunket, the persons concerned in a breach of privilege in arresting a person summoned on a committee, be ordered to attend to-morrow.—Ordered.

Adjourned to next day.

*From the London Papers, Nov.* 14.

## LONDON.

At Guildhall, on Monday, the preparation was large and elegant, but it appeared that the means did not exceed the end, the company being larger than usual, and, to say the truth, rather larger than ought to have been invited, since though the cheer was excellent, that accommodation would have been better had there been fewer to partake of it. The day unhappily falling, when Ministers must necessarily attend the Cock-pit in order to clear *their* path to Parliament, no one of those high in office could possibly attend; of our own dignitaries, therefore, two of the Commissioners of the Great Seal, (Mr Justice Ashhurst and Mr Baron Hotham) and the Solicitor-General, were all that were present. Lord Surry and Lord Mahon came, and came as they always appear, in perfect good humour. To attone in some measure for the deficiency of English dignity and title, many of the foreign Ambassadors and Nobility accepted the invitation; and one of them, a Prince of the Blood Royal of France, made himself most heartily welcome, by giving, as a toast, in the Old Council-Chamber, after dinner, "May the peace prove permanent, for the sake of humanity and commerce." Lady Lewes represented the Lady Mayoress, and was conducted, with the usual ceremony, to the head of the table, seated on the left hand of the Lord Mayor, and attended in form, as always practised on these occasions. The Sheriffs and their Ladies sat at the opposite end of the Hall, and the Common Council, &c. occupied the intermediate space. Among others of the nobility were Lord Surry, Lord Mahon, the Duke de Bouillon, Marquis de Castres, Marquis de Lusignon, and several other foreigners of distinction.

The dinner on this occasion was most plentiful; but, as it always happens in great companies, not so comfortable as in select societies. Indeed the necessity, and, at the same time, the impossibility of proper attendance, ever occasions this complaint. Champaigne, Burgundy, and Claret flowed in abundance, and they were of the best kind: In short, there was all that hospitable plenty of every thing in season, which is so necessary to a public entertainment of this kind. The hall was most beautifully and most remarkably well illuminated, which, with the brilliancy of the company, and the decorations of the table, formed a most elegant appearance *tout ensemble*.

Dinner was not ended until after eight o'clock, at which time the Lady Mayoress was conducted into the Council Chamber, where she was accompanied by most of the Ladies present. Tea, coffee, &c. being over, the Marquis de Lusignon, and the late Lady Mayoress, opened the ball, after which several other minuets were moved, and then the country dances began, which became general throughout the hall, and, with mirth, conviviality, and good humour, continued until a late hour in the morning.

Lady Lewes conducted herself with that fashionable ease so natural to an accomplished woman, and was dressed in the truly elegant style of the season.

Mr Sheriff Skinner's carriage was much noticed in the procession, and the richness and taste of his liveries caught the public eye. Mr Turner's made also a most respectable appearance; and, in the hall, Miss Skinner's elegant dress and personal accomplishments were particularly admired.

It was reported on Tuesday, that the Duke of Queensberry had won a considerable sum at the races at Fountainbleau, (about 12 leagues beyond Paris) and that another great match had been made between the Comte d'Artois and some English noblemen. The match on Friday last was rode by English jockeys.

*of the introduction of his Royal Highneſs* George Frederick *Prince of* WALES, *into the Houſe of at the meeting of Parliament on Tueſday November 3.*

His Royal Highneſs having been, by letters patent dated the 19th day of Auguſt, in the ſecond year of his Majeſty's reign, created Prince of Wales and Earl of Cheſter, was, in his robes, with the collar of the order of the Garter he had put on in the Earl Marſhall's room, introduced into the Houſe of Peers in the following order:

Gentleman Uſher of the Black Rod,
with his ſtaff of office.
Garter Principal King of Arms, in his robes, with
his ſceptre, bearing his Royal Highneſs's patent.
Earl of Surrey, Deputy Earl Marſhal of England.
Sir Peter Burrell, Deputy Great Chamberlain of England.
Earl of Carliſle, Lord Privy Seal
Viſcount Stormont, Lord Preſident of the Council.

THE CORONET

On a crimſon velvet cuſhion, borne by Viſcount
Lewiſham, one of the Gentlemen of his
Royal Highneſs's Bed Chamber.

His Royal Highneſs the PRINCE OF WALES,
Carrying his writ of ſummons, ſupported by his uncle,
his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, and
the Dukes of Richmond and Portland.

And proceeding up the Houſe with the uſual reverences, the writ and patent were delivered to the Earl of Mansfield, Speaker, on the woolſack, and read by the Clerk of the Parliament at the table, his Royal Highneſs and the reſt of the proceſſion ſtanding near; After which his Royal Highneſs was conducted to his chair on the right hand of the throne, the coronet and cuſhion having been laid on a ſtool before the chair; and his Royal Highneſs being covered as uſual, the ceremony ended.

Some time after his Majeſty entered the Houſe of Peers, and was ſeated on the throne with the uſual ſolemnities, and having delivered his moſt gracious ſpeech, retired out of the Houſe:

Then his Royal Highneſs at the table took the oaths of allegiance and ſupremacy, and made and ſubſcribed the declaration; and alſo took and ſubſcribed the oath of abjuration.

*Cumberland-Houſe, Nov.* 11.

His Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland has been pleaſed to appoint George Charles Brathwaite, Eſq; one of his Equerries.

*Vienna, Oct.* 29. The Emperor has given the Great Croſs of the Order of St Stephen to the following perſons, viz. the Reigning Prince Reuſs, Count Noſtitz, Great Burgrave of Prague, the Vice-Chancellor Count Cobenzel, Baron de Reiſchach, Count Joſeph Kaunitz, Ambaſſador in Spain, Count Durazzo, Ambaſſador at Venice, and Count Lewis Cobenzel, Miniſter at Petersburgh.

The Empreſs of Ruſſia has ſent the order of St Vlodomir to Prince Gallitzin, her miniſter at this Court.

*War-Office, November* 15. 1783.

11th Regiment of dragoons, Cornet Richard Barry to be Lieutenant, vice William Trevillian.

14th Regiment of foot, Captain Alexander Grant, on the half-pay of the 40th regiment, to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice John Ogilvy.

15th Regiment of foot, Thomas Verner, Gent. to be Enſign, vice ——— Broch.

36th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant Archibald Cumine to be Captain of a Company, vice Charles Martin. Enſign B. Bowes Ford to be Lieutenant, vice Archibald Cumine.

50th Regiment of foot, Captain-Lieutenant Thomas Brereton to be Captain of a Company, vice John Auguſtus Jevers. Lieutenant John Marſhall to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Thomas Brereton. Enſign Peirce Rowe to be Lieutenant, vice John Marſhall. Volunteer Thomas Legge to be Enſign, vice Peirce Rowe.

55th Regiment of foot, Enſign Robert Whyte, on the half pay of the late 85th regiment, to be Enſign, vice Charles Frederick Anderſon. Enſign John Bronwin to be Lieutenant, vice Samuel Fitzgerald. James Fitzgerald, Gent. to be Enſign, vice John Bronwin.

60th Regiment of foot, Humphry Jeffries, Gent. to be Enſign, vice ——— Naſmyth.

John Connar to be Surgeon to the General Hoſpital in the Leeward Iſlands, vice ——— Morrion.

## INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, *Nov.* 14.

This morning arrived a mail from New York, brought by the Falmouth packet boat, Dillon, to Falmouth, in 29 days.

Falmouth, Nov. 11. 1783. The packet boats deſtined to Jamaica, the Leeward Iſlands, and New York, ſailed from hence laſt Sunday night with the mails of the 4th inſtant.

The Cronberg, Bithoo, from Denmark to Madeira and Eaſt India, ſailed from Copenhagen in February 1782, and has not ſince been heard of.

---

*From the London Papers, Nov.* 13.

*Brunſwick, Oct.* 10. On Tueſday laſt the King of Sweden arrived here, and as his Majeſty is determined to avoid the troſome ceremonies of etiquette, &c. during his journey, he alighted at an inn, the next day his Majeſty dined with reigning Duke, and this morning continued his route for

*Vienna, Oct.* 2. It is ſaid that the King of Sweden will part of the Carnival at Rome.

*Pruſſia, Oct.* 17. M. de Lindonowſki, the Pruſſian Retted Dantzick yeſterday evening; and at ten o'clock the Pruſſian troops took poſſeſſion of the ſuburbs without oppoſition.

*Oct.* 12. A very extraordinary inſtance of fecunhappened in Lower Auſtria to the wife of one Lan- After being married a very long time, without having ſpring, on the 10th of September laſt ſhe brought forth On the 17th ſhe felt freſh pains, and was brought to bed more. The eight children, which are all boys, have baptiſed, and ſeem likely to live; nor does the mother appear to be at all incommoded by this double delivery.—*Paris*

[By the ſame Gazette we learn, that the report of miſcarriage of the Queen of France is true, but that her Majeſty is in other reſpects pretty well.

*Fontainbleau, Nov.* 3. M. Le Febvre d'Ormeſſon yeſterday reſigned his poſt of Comptroller-General of the Finances to the King in perſon, and his Majeſty was pleaſed to accept of the reſignation. The Count de Vergennes, it is ſaid, having ſent to know whether M d'Ormeſſon required a penſion, that Ex-Miniſter anſwered that "he ſhould thank his Majeſty."

M. de Calonne, Intendant of Liſle, was this morning appointed Comptroller-General of the Finances, and this new Miniſter is expected at Court in the evening. The Bed of Juſtice, fixed for the 27th, is certainly put off.

## AMERICA.

*Philadelphia, Sept.* 27. At a General Court Martial, held near this city, for the trial of ſundry perſons accuſed of being concerned in the late diſturbance among a number of ſoldiers of the Pennſylvania line, Chriſtian Nagle and John Morriſon, late ſerjeants in the 3d Pennſylvania regiment, were convicted of a breach of the third article of the ſecond ſection of the articles of war, and were accordingly ſentenced to ſuffer death; and John Lilly, Abner Vauhorn, Thomas Flowers, and William Carman, were alſo convicted of a breach of the ſaid articles, and ſentenced to ſuffer corporal puniſhment. Nagle and Morriſon were accordingly, on Monday laſt, led out to be executed; but as Congreſs had been graciouſly pleaſed to pardon the offences of all the above criminals, the two unhappy men received this moſt agreeable news at the awful moment when they expected to be ſummoned into eternity.

*New York, Oct.* 11. By a gentleman arrived in town laſt night, we are informed of the ſafe landing, in good health, on Thurſday, at Philadelphia, of Mynheer Van Berkel, Ambaſſador to the United States of America, from their High Mightineſſes the United States of Holland.

It is with the moſt ſenſible concern we mention the total loſs of the ordnance tranſport ſhip Sally, which lately ſailed from hence for Newfoundland. It is ſaid ſhe foundered, that only five men ſaved themſelves in a boat, and landed on Rhode Iſland—that Major Orchard Huddleſtone, Captain Lang, Lieut. Philip Phillips, and about 80 privates of the Royal artillery, with Mrs Huddleſtone and a number of women and children, went down and were loſt with the ſhip.

## LONDON.

The Sandwich Packet, Captain Dillon, is arrived at Falmouth from New York, from whence ſhe ſailed the 13th of October: At that time there remained but few of the Loyaliſts in that city, and they were preparing for leaving it in the courſe of a few days. Part of the army had ſailed for Europe, and the remainder were to follow in detachments, which would prevent the inconveniency of a large fleet, though it would retard the final evacuation of the place till near Chriſtmas. The privates of the army had deſerted in conſiderable numbers, but as ſeveral of the regiments were to be diſbanded on their arrival in England, this was not conſidered as any great detriment. General Carleton's Addreſs to the Congreſs in favour of the Loyaliſts, had failed to procure them a favourable reception on the Continent; and ſo intemperate were the body of the people againſt the refugees, that though it is believed Congreſs wiſh to ſtop all further proſecutions, they were unwilling to ſhow the weakneſs of their authority, by an unavailing attempt to relieve them. Almoſt all the different States had laid on conſiderable taxes, to pay their reſpective quotas voted towards the expences of the war; and civil authority had once more begun to take place on the Continent, where affairs appeared with a very different aſpect to what they did a few months ago. Mr Van Berkel's arrival from Amſterdam had cauſed publick rejoicings at Philadelphia, where he was conſidered as having been perſecuted by the Engliſh for his attachment to America, and for that reaſon as a warm friend to the United States. In general alſo there ſtill wanted that happy ſpirit of reconciliation, without which the Individuals both of Great Britain and America will frequently meet with perſonal inſults contrary to the wiſhes of the Legiſlature.

The Commercial Treaty with America is ſaid to be ſtill as far from being ſettled as it was the firſt day the negociation began. It was, indeed, an unlucky circumſtance that the different parties thought themſelves obliged to carry it on at Paris, as whenever the Treaty appeared to be in a fair way of being concluded, the French miniſtry conſtantly interfered, and overturned all that had been done, ſo that Mr Hartley found it impoſſible to conclude upon any terms in France, and therefore gave up the matter till an opportunity ſhall offer for renewing the negociation either in London or at Philadelphia.

It is reported in the vicinity of St James's, that David Hartley, Eſq; will go before Chriſtmas to America in a public capacity; but whether as Ambaſſador, or Envoy Extraordinary, is not yet determined.

Yeſterday John Lee, Eſq; kiſſed the King's hand, on being appointed Attorney-General.

The Definitive Treaty with the Dutch is completely ſettled, all except the article relative to Negapatnam, which they know not how to reſign, nor what equivalent to offer for it, their finances being at preſent in a condition that will not permit them to give a ſufficient ſum in ſpecie, which they are well acquainted will be the only temptation to our Miniſtry to reſign it.

The Dutch Eaſt India Company have remonſtrated in very ſtrong terms on the loſs of the above place, and that if it remains in the hands of the Engliſh, their trade to the Carnatick muſt in the end, be inevitably ruined.

The letters received this day from Holland mention, that, by the laſt accounts brought from the Cape of Good Hope, they had given up all expectation of being able any more to relieve the unfortunate crew belonging to the Groſvenor Eaſt-Indiaman, though both the Dutch and French commanders had exerted themſelves to find out the remainder of thoſe unhappy people. If alive, however, it is ſtill thought they may poſſibly find their way to the Cape; but they have ſo many difficulties to encounter in the road as are enough to deter them from attempting it, provided they can contrive to exiſt in a ſtrange country, far from the ſociety of Europeans.

They write from Paris, that an expreſs is arrived from M. de Suffrein at Trincomalé, who had been informed of the peace by a frigate in June laſt; and that he had ſent the ſame veſſel as a flag of truce to all the Engliſh ſettlements, with the grateful news.

A gentleman in the city has received a letter from Philadelphia, which ſays, "There have been ſuch warm diſputes among the Congreſs relative to the lenity which is to be ſhewn to the Loyaliſts, that, it is reported, three of them are ſet out for France, in order to reſide there during the winter ſeaſon, and if matters are not accommodated by that time, they will then go over to England to ſettle."

The laſt accounts from Gibraltar mention, that the garriſon was exceedingly healthy, and began to enjoy the ſweets of tranquillity; new barracks having been built for their accommodation, and proviſions being tolerably cheap.

It is reported General Boyd will not return to Gibraltar, but that Lieut. Gen. Rainsford will be appointed Lieutenant-Governor in his room.

General Boyd, who was introduced on Wedneſday to his Majeſty at St James's, was received with the greateſt affability, and converſed with the King upwards of an hour. The General has been near fifty years in the ſervice of this country; he acquitted himſelf during the German war, in the late reign, ſo much to the ſatisfaction of the Prince of Brunſwick, that he wrote a letter to King George the Second, recommending him to his Majeſty's favour in the ſtrongeſt terms.

Accounts from Hamburgh, by the laſt mail, mention, that the King of Pruſſia was indiſpoſed at Sans Soucy, his palace near Berlin, and that the phyſicians had pronounced his diſorder to be the erratic gout.

We are aſſured the marriage act has been *reviſed* and *amended* by a great Commoner, and will undergo a reform this ſeſſion of Parliament.

A gentleman who arrived in town on Wedneſday from the Hague, ſays, that ſome diſagreeable news had been received there from the Dutch Ambaſſador at Vienna, which had thrown the States into great conſternation, and they have ordered a number of troops to be raiſed immediately; but the particulars of the advices are kept from the knowledge of the public.

We underſtand that the queſtion of the Eaſt India ſyſtem is amicably ſettled. The plan to be propoſed to the Houſe on Tueſday is ſubmitted to by the friends of Mr Haſtings, and on this important topic at leaſt there will be no oppoſition.

The Eaſt India Company are drawing up an account of their loſſes during the war, from January 1775 to December 1783, in order to lay them, with ſome other papers, before the two Houſes of Parliament; duplicates are alſo to be provided, in order that the whole of the buſineſs may be brought before both Houſes at the ſame time.

This week goods to the amount of 150,000 l. have been entered by the Eaſt India Company at the Cuſtom-houſe, for their ſettlements in the Eaſt Indies.

A Dutch houſe at Rotterdam received an order from Philadelphia for 50,000 l. worth of goods about five weeks ago which was ſent back unexecuted.

The demand for pewter is ſtill very great in moſt of the provinces. Commiſſions are preparing in London for the next ſhips, to the amount of 30,000 l.

This morning ſome diſpatches were received from New York, which were brought over in the Favourite, Captain Caldwell, arrived in the Downs, after a paſſage of 26 days; they contain an account of the European goods going over very briſk.

His Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales has been pleaſed to appoint the Hon. Thomas Erſkine, one of his Majeſty's counſel, and member of Parliament for Portſmouth, to be his Attorney-General.

Lord Mansfield yeſterday ordered, in the Court of King's Bench, that the farther hearing of the caſe of Mr Bembridge ſhould be farther poſtponed to this day week, as he did not think it proper to proceed this day in the abſence of Mr Juſtice Willes, who has been ſuddenly called away to Oxford to viſit his ſon, who is dangerouſly ill. His Lordſhip added, "Let the defendant attend at that time."

Lord Mansfield reported yeſterday to the Houſe of Peers his Majeſty's anſwer to the addreſs of that Houſe,

Lord Powis reported, that her Majeſty had been waited upon with the congratulatory meſſage of that Houſe, to which her Majeſty had been pleaſed to return the following moſt gracious anſwer:

"*My* LORDS,

"I return my ſincereſt thanks to the Houſe of Peers.—Their duty to the King, and attention to me, calls forth my warmeſt acknowledgments."

Yeſterday counſel were called to the bar of the Houſe of Peers, to be heard on the Writ of Error, wherein John Mitchell and John Gay were plaintiffs, Sir George Brydges Rodney, Bart. (now Lord Rodney) and the Hon. John Vaughan were defendants. Mr Kenyon and Mr Wilſon were heard for the plaintiffs; after which the further hearing was adjourned till Monday next.

The Speaker yeſterday reported to the Houſe of Commons his Majeſty's anſwer to the addreſs of Tueſday laſt, and which is as follows:

"GENTLEMEN,

"I thank you for this very dutiful and affectionate addreſs, and for the freſh mark you give of your attachment to me and my family in the congratulation on the happy recovery of the Queen, and the birth of another Princeſs.

"I receive with the utmoſt ſatisfaction your aſſurances of promoting ſuch meaſures as may tend to the ſupport of the national credit, and to the welfare of my people. And I conſider the unanimity with which they are offered as a happy erneſt of the ſucceſs of your endeavours."

Lord John Cavendiſh likewiſe reported her Majeſty's anſwer to the meſſage of congratulation voted by the Houſe of Commons on Thurſday laſt, in the following words:

"GENTLENEN,

"I return my ſincereſt thanks to the Houſe of Commons for this freſh inſtance of duty to the King, and attention to me."

Yeſterday a report was made in the Houſe of Commons from the Committee, to whom the petition for making a Canal from Borrowſtounneſs had been referred: the ſame was read, and a bill ordered to be brought in.

Mr Secretary Fox preſented copies of the Definitive Treaties of France, Spain, Holland, and the United States of America; the titles were read, and the treaties ordered to lie on the table.

The Houſe upon motion appointed the 5th of February next as the laſt day of receiving petitions for private bills.

Mr Tomkins from the Cuſtoms preſented, purſuant to order, an account of the quantity of corn imported, &c.

Mr Morton, from the Eaſt India Company, alſo delivered ſeveral papers, purſuant to an order of the 15th of July laſt; the titles were read, and the papers ordered to lie on the table.

Mr Waggleſworth, Deputy Auditor of Impreſt, preſented an account of monies for repairing the Scotch roads.

Mr Secretary Fox acquainted the Houſe, that his Majeſty had been waited upon with the addreſs of that Houſe of Wedneſday laſt, and was pleaſed to ſay he would give directions accordingly.

A motion was made for "an account of the value of goods exported and imported from Chriſtmas 1780, to Chriſtmas 1782, diſtinguiſhing each place"

A petition from the York Buildings Company was preſented, read, and referred to a Committee to report.

PRICES OF CORN AT CORN EXCHANGE, Nov. 10.

| Per Quarter. | |
|---|---|
| Wheat, 30 s. a 44 s. | Rolling ditto, 32 s. |
| Fine ditto, ditto. | Tick, 24 s. a 27 s. |
| Rye, 20 s. a 23 s. | Small ditto, 32 s. |
| Oats, 13 s. a 21 s. | Tares, 20 s. a 25 s. |
| Barley, 17 s. a 32 s. | Rape Seed, — |
| Malt, 36 s. a 44 s. | Per Sack. |
| Grey Peaſe, 24 s. a 28 s. | Fine Flour, 39 s. |
| White ditto, ditto. | Second Sort, 38 s. |

PRICE OF STOCKS, Nov. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| ...ock, — | Ditto New Ann. 59¾. |
| ...ent. Ann. 1777, 76¾ a ¾. | Ditto 1751, — |
| ...ent. con. 59¾ a ¾. | Exchequer Bills, — |
| ...ent. red. 59¾ a ¾. | Navy Bills, — |
| ...ent. 1726, — | 3 per cent. Scrip. 61¾ a 61. |
| Ann. 18¾ a 1-16th. | 4 per cent. Scrip. 78¾ ¾. |
| Ann. 1778, 13 a 1-16th. | Light Long Ann. 18¾ a 9-16ths. |
| ...ock, — | Omnium, — |
| ...ent. Ann. — | Lottery Tickets, 14 s. 9 s. 6 d. |
| ...ands, 35 dit. | a 10 s. a 4 s. a 14 s. a 13 s. |
| ...ia Stock, — | 19 s. a 18 s. a 17 s. a 16 s. |
| ...ock, Old Ann. — | |

WIND AT DEAL.
Nov. 12. 8.

# EDINBURGH.

*Extract of a letter from London, Nov. 15.*

The affairs of Ireland, which were wholly passed over in ...lsby's Speech, form the chief topic of conversation at ... in all coffee-houses, and other circles of politicians. ...Flood's motion for a reduction of the forces on the I... establishment, which was lost in the House of Commons ...great majority, has thrown light on the temper and ... of the Irish Parliament, and it may enable us, perhaps, ...pate some of those events which will follow the present ... of affairs in the sister kingdom. Men of hereditary ... and honours are naturally inclined to support the ancient ... of Government, and are averse to all innovations. It ... be expected, that such men as the Duke of Leinster ... Conolly should support the connection between their ... and this. The Irish Parliament, it now appears, are ...ed to espouse the same cause: nor are they intimidated ...military pomp and parade of the volunteers, from declar... sentiments. An army of 15,000 men, well disciplin... well furnished with all necessary ammunition, supported by ...operation of the British Navy, and the good wishes, ...ance, and assistance of the great families and landholders ...ll, it is hoped, in spite of the menaces and turbulent dis... of the volunteers, be able to maintain the peace of ... This is in fact, the critical moment that is likely to ...the fate of that kingdom. If the volunteers are not a... by the vote of the House of Commons, which maintains ...dable an English army, if murmurs, and a few hasty ...ions, are all the consequences that have yet followed this ...nd spirited resolution of the Irish Parliament, if they ...t already resolved to march to Dublin, and seize the a... in the Parliament House, as the English army did un... Oliver Cromwell, we may venture to predict, that the vo... corps will gradually melt away, that the authority of ...liament will be confirmed; and that the Court of Eng... will, in the course of time, recover that influence in the ... of Ireland, which, until the late commotions, they ...long enjoyed. The volunteers will sheath their maiden... and return to the peaceful ideas and habits of good ci...

The Parliament, it must be observed, possess the import... power of raising money from the people; but whence is the ...to come that shall long support the cause of the Volun... Their private fortunes are, in general, not over-grown, ...ness, dissipation, and military show, or what the chil... call their *Play at soldiers*, have not encreased them. ...great leader, Lord *Charlemont*, it is said, begins to ...his tune; and it is even imagined that there is a secret ...ondence between him and the Earl of Northington. The ...Duke would not ill beseem his fortune; and the comli... his person would suit the trappings of accumulated ho... It is not credible that either this, or any other noble... or Commoner of independent fortune, should go every ...with a mad populace. The man who should risk a large ...without any adequate cause, indeed without any real ...whatever, in a civil war, would be very unequal to the ...conducting a rebellion. We may safely conclude, that ...ities of such a man could not be formidable. There be ...speculators here who are confident, that the Volunteers ...ceed immediately, or rather, that they have proceeded ...some strong measures, in consequence of the rejection ...'s motion. It is, however, probable, that no such thing ...pened. The high Parliament, we may presume, knew ...they were safe to act as they did, The chief men a... the Volunteers have no doubt been *spoken to*; and some ...ions respecting a reform in Parliament, will probably af... decent pretext to the Volunteers to lay down their ... arms. Appearances in Ireland wear certainly a more ...spect at present, than they have done for several years ... It will be happy for that country, as well as this, if all ...ion terminates without bloodshed."

*Extract of another letter from London, Nov. 15.*

"The public anxiously wait for Mr Fox's motion of Tues... ...y, from which they will be able to form a judgment ...gree of interference Government mean to take with the ...of the East India Company, the territorial acquisition of ...all parties seem to think too much remaining in the hands ...of British merchants; all we are able at present to learn ...it is the intention of the Ministry, by the new regula... to nominate thirteen Directors who are to be Members of ...ment, if we may judge, however, from the manner in ...it has affected the East India Stock, no very favourable ...sions are formed of the interposition of Administration, ...is fallen very considerably, and India Bonds were this ...twenty-one shillings discount, irregularities have no ...pervaded the government of the different East India Pre... but it is the opinion of many intelligent men, that ...ming of them is made a pretext by the present men in ...while their only view is to serve their relations and de... The patronage and revenue of the East are such ...objects, that the flesh and blood of Ministry cannot re...

"...nder the specious, but delusive idea of mismanagement, ...India Company was tampered with the administra... Lord North, a Court of Judicature was constituted, ...arm of judges like locusts were sent over to reform him ...and devour the land. Many substantial conveniencies ...endered themselves, and some atrocious acts of justice ...committed on the natives. Nuncomar was arraigned, ...and executed for a transaction which happened years be... the institution of the Court of Judicature, and for an act ...med criminal by the laws of his king and country, such ...me of the first fruits of Ministerial regulation. ...Second attempt is now to be made. A bard is to be ...ted, and Mr Edmund Burke is to try his hand at re... the same magic trick which retrenched the Royal house-hold of its necessary expences, and complimented a friend with the Dutchy of Lancaster, at the public expence. The same inchanting hand is to correct the mismanagement of the East India Company, and create an office for Mr William Burke of only twenty thousand a year.

"In short, some people scruple not to affirm, that the intervention of Government threatens destruction to the Company, and that our Asiatic, like our American possessions will be endangered. The late enormities committed in the East Indies, are a general subject of censure and declamation. But the real authors are those persons who patronized the men, whose cruelties and peculations were first brought to the knowledge and contemplation of Parliament. Those men have our great lawyers ready to assist them, not as Advocates only, but zealous as they are able to support their interest in Parliament and in the Cabinet, Ministers have stiffled persecutions to avail themselves of the influence arising from Asiatic wealth, and it is notorious that the Princes of the East have been plundered for means to corrupt our Western Boroughs; these facts have taught the servants of the East India Company, that their security depends upon their riches; and that they must apportion their peculations in India, to the senatorial hands that are always open to receive the offerings of those modern magi.

"Mr Fox's motion on Tuesday next will unfold the designs of Government, and enable us to judge how far they may be likely to effect the wished for reform in East India politics."

An island on the Coul of Strathnaver, shire of Sutherland, called Island Na Roan, which stands very high, and is a mile in length and breadth, in about near the centre of the island, within these few days, a piece of earth, some hundred yards in circumference, has sunk to the bottom. As the island stands on a rock, some hundred yards in height, you cannot see the bottom of this large pit. There are four families living on the island. They were not in the least sensible of any tremor or shaking of the earth at the time this happened.

The London post, which generally comes in at an early hour upon Tuesday, did not arrive last night till seven o'clock. He was detained above eight hours at Sunderland Bridge, owing to the heavy rains, which swelled the waters so much as to prevent his getting forward.

The London post, this night, arrived between four and five.

Monday morning, about five o'clock, a fire broke out in the New Street Sugar House, Glasgow, which at first appeared very alarming; but by the timeous assistance of the inhabitants, and the water engines, was got under without damaging any other building. A great quantity of sugar was destroyed.

*Extract of a letter from Dublin, Nov. 13.*

"On Tuesday last the Writ of Error, in the great cause between Mr Hume and Mr Tottenham Lofftus, was presented in form to the House of Lords. This is the first Writ of Error which has been brought up to the supreme tribunal of this country since the happy restoration of our right of final judicature.

"The Sub-Committee of Delegates met yesterday at the Exchange at ten o'clock, and chose the Right Hon. Robert Stewart as their Chairman. The business of this body is solely to receive plans and digest proper materials, to be submitted to the General Convention at the Rotunda. It is expected they will only make a report to-morrow of having made some progress, and request leave to renew their sitting. A *report* cannot be made by that body for some days. The business entrusted to their inspection and approbation is of a nature so complicated, that requires the most mature deliberation.

"The Committee will be exceedingly assisted in their researches by the indefatigable and extensive abilities of Captain James Dawson, Secretary to the various Dungannon Assemblies.

"Last night the Irish House of Lords was *honoured* by the appearance of Lord Hillsborough in his place—his Lordship did not take any part in the debate, though connected in the most particular manner with that object which was *supposed* always to lye nearest his heart—the prerogative of the King.—Lord H. left the House immediately before the division took place, which consisted only of the Chancellor—Lord Annaly—Archbishop of Cashell—a Bishop—and a Temporal Peer—these only were found in the assembly to support—prerogative. To the no small honour of the Bench, several Bishops were found in favour of the bill.

"Mr Ogle having last Tuesday, at the Convention, mentioned his having received a letter from a Catholic Peer, expressing in the strongest terms, "that the people of the Romish communion in this kingdom were perfectly satisfied with what had already been done for them, and would patiently wait for a more convenient season to receive any further advantages; but at this time they did by no means desire that the great national business should in any manner be impeded by their concerns." There was last Tuesday night, a most respectable and numerous meeting of the principal Roman Catholic gentry and citizens of Dublin, at Derham's, when, after the most mature deliberation, it was unanimously determined, in the strongest and most pointed terms, to disclaim and utterly disavow as their sentiments, what was written by a noble Peer (Lord Kenmare) to the Right Hon. George Ogle; to express the warmest acknowledgments of gratitude to the Legislature of Ireland, for the favours done to the Catholics, in striking off the ignominious shackles that had so long coerced them, and an earnest hope, that by a further act of liberality, they might be restored to the rights of men: resolved, however, that let the issue prove either favourable to them or otherwise, still to continue the same peaceable, submissive, and loyal tenor of conduct, which has so eminently distinguished them for almost a century.

"The Roman Catholics object is not to extend the franchises of election to any person of that persuasion, who is not in the actual possession of a clear landed property of 50l. a-year. This seems to meet the general idea of the moderate part of the Members of the Convention, and 'tis thought will be carried into effect.

"The death of the Bishop of Down and Connor [Dr Trail] is a severe loss to those persons who are possessed of Scots Degrees, as he ordained, in compliment to the seminary where he was educated, all recommended to him, who had taken out degrees in Scotland; which ordination was constantly refused by the other bishops.

*** We should have had no objection to inserting the Letter with which AN IRISH VOLUNTEER this day favoured us, could we find room for lucubrations of such a nature. The proceedings both in the BRITISH and IRISH SENATES, which we mean to give as full as possible, puts it out of our power to give place to such long Essays at present. In our own justification, however, we must observe to the IRISH VOLUNTEER, that the article, of which he complains, was transmitted to us from a LONDON Correspondent, and that the CALEDONIAN MERCURY was not singular in giving admission to it; the same, or similar paragraphs, having appeared in most of the London as well as Edinburgh papers.

BRITISH STATE LOTTERY began drawing on Monday last. The ORIGINAL TICKETS and STAMPED SHARES in variety of numbers may be had at WHITE and MITCHEL'S, opposite to the Tron Church, Edinburgh, where all business respecting the Lottery is transacted by authority from Government, and no where else in Scotland. At this office, authentic lists of each day's drawing will arrive, the first on Friday the 21st November. Tickets and Shares sold thereafter will be warranted undrawn to the latest accounts, but can then only be had occasionally, unless orders are given for commissioning them.

Schemes *gratis*. Letters post paid duly answered.

ARRIVED AT LEITH, Nov. 18.—Four Brothers, Johnsman, from Longsound, with timber; Lady Frances, Pottinger, from Malaga, with wine and fruit; Providence, Hillop, from Dunbar, in ballast.—13. Providence, Jones, from Alloa, with coals; Jean, Napier, from Glasgow, with lead, &c.; Peggy, M'Kulloch, from Cromiepoint, with coal; Ann & Harry, Forrester, from Alloa, with tyles.

SAILED.—Hobck, Laurence, for Lymekills, with timber; Lady Charlotte, Mercer, for Carron, in ballast; Success, Paton, for Newcastle, with tar; Furnace, Walker, for Carron, with goods.

ARRIVED AT GREENOCK, Nov. 16. Mary, Mains, from Campbeltoun, with goods.

SAILED, 15. Cartiere, Marleish, for Barbadoes, with goods; Betty, Cameron, for Dublin, with ditto.


*This Day is published*, by CHARLES ELLIOT,
A New Edit. being the Third, price only 2 s. sewed, and 2 s. 6d. bound,
COOKERY AND PASTRY,
As taught and practised by
Mrs MACIVER, Teacher of these Arts in Edinburgh.
The above Work, although sold at a small price, will be found to contain all the receipts necessary, narrated in a plain and distinct manner, from long experience in Cookery and Pastry, that are to be found in the more voluminous works of this kind, which tend only to confuse learners in place of instructing them; and the success this little book has met with, evinces its utility.

MONEY TO LEND.
FIFTEEN HUNDRED POUNDS Sterling, on heritable security. Apply to Thomas Renny writer to the signet.
Not to be repeated.

HOUSE-BREAKING AND THEFT.
Sheriff-Clerk's Office, Edinburgh, Nov. 19. 1783.
THAT in the night betwixt the 6th and 7th days of November current, some person or persons BROKE into a WEAVER'S SHOP in the Citadale of Leith, by forcing up the window; in which shop two linen webs were cut out of two looms, and carried off. The one web consisted of 36 yards, was wrought in a reed of eleven hundred upon 40 inches. The other of 40 yards, and wrought in a reed of seven hundred upon 37 inches. There was also some wearing apparel stole and carried off at same time, and particularly some pairs of boys breeches and sailors trousers.
In order to lead to a discovery in the premisses, a reward of TEN GUINEAS is hereby offered to any person or persons who will, within six weeks from this date, inform the Procurator-Fiscal of this county, of the person or persons who committed the said house-breaking and theft, to be paid on conviction of the offender or offenders; or in case any linen cloth apparently new wrought, and similar to that above described, is offered to sale, or discovered in the custody of any person, its intreated that the cloth may be secured, and the person in whose custody the same is found detained, till notice is lodged as above; for which a handsome reward will be given, and all charges paid.
WM. SCOT, P. F.

FORGERY.
WHEREAS some Forged NOTES, in imitation of the Twenty Shilling Notes, dated 2d May 1781, of the ABERDEEN BANKING COMPANY have appeared within these few days, the Public will please be informed, that there are many discrepancies betwixt these and the real Notes; but it is only necessary to prevent the Public from being imposed upon to mention the following, viz.
1st, That there is no Water-mark in the paper of the Forged Notes.
2d, That the Seal is wanting. And,
3dly, That the Subscriptions, Creditor's Name, and Figures, are so imperfectly imitated in them, that they will be easily distinguished from the real Note.
The Aberdeen Banking Company hereby offer a reward of ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS to any person or persons who shall give information against the offender or offenders, so that they may be brought to justice, and convicted; to be paid by the Company's Cashier, upon conviction of one or more of the offenders.

TO BE SOLD,
THE Estate of EASTER BLEATON, pleasantly situated on the Black Water, six miles above Blairgowrie, Perth shire.
For particulars, apply to Mr Fergusson of Baledmond, at Cupar Angus, who has powers to sell, and will shew the premisses, and a complete progress.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
THE Creditors of Mr SHARPE of Hoddom are desired immediately to lodge their grounds of debt, with oaths on the verity, in the hands of Mr William Keith accomptant in Edinburgh, the trustee for the creditors, in order that a dividend may be made as soon as possible.

NOTICE
To the Creditors of MACLURE and MACREE Merchants in Ayr.
THAT upon the application of David Maclure merchant in Ayr, one of the partners of the Company trading under the firm of "Maclure and Macree merchants in Ayr," with the concurrence of Messr. Douglas, Heron, and Company, late bankers in Ayr, and their factor and manager, creditors to the said Maclure and Macree, qualified in terms of the statute passed in the last session of Parliament, entitled "An act for rendering the payment of creditors more equal and extensive conditions, in that part of Great Britain called Scotland,"—the Lords of Council and Session did, upon the 19th day of November current, sequestrate the whole real and personal estate of the said Maclure and Macree, in terms of and under the authority of the said statute, appointed their creditors to meet at Ayr, within the house of —— Wharton, sirtner (King's Arms) upon Saturday the 6th day of December next, at twelve o'clock noon, in order to their naming an interim-factor upon the said sequestrated estate; and granted warrant and commission to the Sheriff Depute or Substitutes of the shire of Ayr, and failing them, to any resident magistrate of the burgh of Ayr, or any Justice of Peace of the said shire, to attend the said Meeting, receive productions of the grounds of debt, and oaths of verity thereon, &c. as required by the statute.
Of which intimation and appointment of the said Lords, this public notice is given, that all having interest may attend.

*At LONDON—For LEITH,*
THE STAR,
JAMES RITCHIE, MASTER,
Lying at the Birth at Hore's Wharf, taking in goods for Edinburgh, and all places adjacent, deliverable at Leith, and sails the 22d November, to be depended on.

*For Annotto Bay, Port Maria, Martha Brae, and Montego Bay, Jamaica.*
The Ship MINERVA,
ROBERT SPEARS Master,
IS now ready to take on board goods at Greenock, and will positively sail by the 20th December, wind and wea her serving.
N. B. The above ship will take in goods for Kingston and Morant Bay, Jamaica, and for any one of the Leeward Islands, if encouraging freight offers.
For freight or passage apply to Messr. Macleans, Mackay, and Company, Glasgow, or the master at Greenock.

## CALEDONIAN HUNT.

AT Kelso the 26th of October, the following Members were elected for the ensuing year:

Lord Gray, Preses.
Sir William Erskine, Treasurer.
Sir William Forbes of Craigivar, } Counsellors.
Colonel Thomas Dundas, }
Alex. Renton, Esq;

The Hunt to meet at FORTUNE's upon Tuesday the 9th day of December, at 4 o'clock.

The DUKE OF BUCCLEUGH in the Chair.

WILLIAM HAGART, Sec.

---

## *Edinburgh Friendly Insurance Office.*

THE Annual Premiums and King's Duty upon Insurances in this Office, due at the present term of Martinmas, are desired to be paid immediately, as by neglecting the same fifteen days after the term day the benefit of the policy expires.

Persons insured will please therefore call at the office, where receipts are granted for old premiums, and policies issued for new insurances.

N. B. The passage to the office from the Parliament-close, being presently shut up, the entry from the High Street is by Bess Wynd, opposite the Tolbooth.

*November* 12. 1783.

---

## NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of the deceased HUGH CAMERON Stabler in Edinburgh.

THE said Creditors are desired to lodge notes of the debts due to them with Mrs Cameron, at her house, Cowgate head, in order that an exact state of the defunct's affairs may be immediately made up, and that measures may be taken for paying off his debts in the most expeditious manner.

---

## NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JOHN LINDSAY, Vintner and Retailer at Whitsikberry, near Stonehaven.

UPON the application of the said John Lindsay, with concurrence of Robert Barclay Allardice, Esq; of Ury, one of his creditors, the Court of Session did, upon the 18th November current, sequestrate the whole real and personal estate of the said John Lindsay, wherever situated, and appointed his creditors to meet within the house of John Milne vintner at Mill of Stonehaven, upon Monday next, the 24th day of November current, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of chusing an interim-factor upon the sequestrated estate, in terms of the late bankrupt act.

This public notice is therefore given to the creditors of the said John Lindsay, as directed by the said statute, and order of Court thereanent.

---

## FIRST NOTICE.

IN the Process of Ranking and Sale at the instance of Mess. Douglas, Heron, and Co. late bankers in Ayr, and their factor and manager, AGAINST Alexander Fergusson of Craigdarroch, Esq; advocate, and his creditors, the Lord Braxfield, Ordinary to the ranking of the creditors, by interlocutors dated 7th March and 29th july last, ordained notice to be given, That the following subjects have lately been discovered to belong to the bankrupt, and are to be sold as part of his estate, viz. All and whole the Two-merk-land of Minygryle, of old extent, with the houses, biggings, yards, annexis, connexis, parts and pendicles of the same, lying in the barony of Glencairn, parish thereof, and sheriffdom of Dumfries:—As also, all and whole the just and equal third part of the One-merk-land of Knocksting, being the east side thereof, called Pointfoot, with the whole pertinents thereof, lying in the parish of Dalry, and stewartry of Kirkcudbright;—As also, Two-and-a-half-merk-land of Drumreggan, lying within the parish of Glencairn, and sheriffdom of Dumfries;—And also, the Lands of Nether Caitloch, also lying in the said parish of Glencairn, and sheriffdom of Dumfries;—and likewise the Liferent during the subsistence of the marriage between the said Alexander Fergusson and his present spouse Mrs Deborah Cutlar, of all and whole a new-built brick tenement of houses lying in Dumfries; in that part thereof called Calvert's Vennel, with the pertinents of the same; and all which subjects are more particularly described in the title-deeds thereof.

C. H. STEVENSON.

---

TO be SOLD by Public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 10th day of December next, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

## That DWELLING HOUSE and SHOP, lying

at the west end of the City Guard, Edinburgh, in the Clamshell Turnpike, presently possessed by T. Pyet engraver, at the yearly rent of 6 l. Sterling. This house is insured in the Edinburgh Friendly Insurance, upon the old plan, and the premium paid up.

The progress of writs and conditions of sale to be seen in the hands of James Gray, Scale-stairs, Flesh-market Close, who has power to conclude a private bargain.

---

## A HOUSE FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD,

AN ELEGANT HOUSE, situated near the head of New Street, Canongate, consisting of four storeys and garrets, having a sunk area in front, and commanding an uninterrupted and extensive view to the east; composed of a genteel dining-room, drawing-room, and eight bed-rooms, all well finished, painted, and papered. Also, a kitchen, and three cellars, with sundry other conveniencies. A large back court paved, with a pump-well and water-pipe. The premises are presently possessed by Mr Gascoigne.

For further particulars, enquire at Alexander Young wright, New Town, Edinburgh.

---

BY THE RIGHT HONOURABLE

The Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council of the City of Edinburgh.

THERE is to be exposed to public roup, within the Council Chamber, on Wednesday the 26th day of November current, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

The RUINOUS BUILDINGS and AREA on the west side of the Back Stairs, very commodious for building upon, as the purchaser will have an entry by the Laigh Walk, the present entry to Sir Wm. Forbes and Company's counting-house, an entry by the Exchange Stair to the east of it, and another entry from the Back Stairs.

The articles and conditions of roup to be seen at the City Clerks Chamber.

---

## FARMS in the Shire of Caithness to LET.

TO be LET for twenty-one years, and entered upon, as to the grass and pasturage, at Whitsunday 1784, and as to the arable lands at the separation of Crop 1784 from the ground,

The Farms and possessions of DOWNREAY, SKAIL, BORROSTOUN, &c. belonging to Sir John Sinclair of Murkle, Baronet, lying in the parish of Reay and shire of Caithness, and all presently in the occupation of Mr John Manson and his subtenants.——These possessions are of great extent, both of arable lands and pasturage, extending for miles, without any other interjected properties, alongst the sea-coast, adapted for, and capable of great improvement.

The Farms will be set either altogether or seperately.—If set separately, the following division is proposed.

1. Downreay, Craigton, &c. and all their pendicles, in one lease.
2. Skaill, Holm, Dachlaggie, &c. and all their pendicles, in another.
3. Borrostown, alongst with Lybester, and all their pendicles, in a third.

Mr John Manson at Downreay, will inform as to the present rents, and extent of the different possessions, and point out the boundaries &c.

Proposals may be adressed in writing to George Jeffrey writer in Edinburgh, betwixt and the 20th December 1783, and any arrangement that may be suggested of these farms different from the division proposed, shall be attended to.

---

## JUDICIAL SALE.

### By Adjournment—upset Prices reduced.

TO be SOLD, by authority of the Court of Session, upon Thursday the 20th day of November 1783, betwixt the hours of six and seven afternoon, within the Parliament-house,

### The Lands and Barony of PITTENCRIEFF,

and others, situated in the parish of Dunfermline and shire of Fife (excepting 93 acres of the farm of Blackburn, already disposed of, with the lands of Lusear and Clune), with various Acres, Houses, Yards, Mills, and Feu-duties in and about the town and abbey of Dunfermline.

The proven free rent of these subjects is about 989 l. 8 s. 2 d.—Of which, for mills, houses, and yards, 177 l. and for feu-duties about 82 l.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| The proven value of altogether is | | L. 19,924 | 9 7 |
| Also the Constabulary and Bailie House in the Abbey of Dunfermline, presently unset, with a large area and other buildings, valued at | | 150 | 0 0 |
| Grounds for building and feuing on various new streets round the town of Dunfermline, already begun, valued at | | 1040 | 0 0 |
| Wood upon the lands of Pittencrieff, valued five years ago at | | 831 | 10 4 |
| Privilege of purchasing tiends of Back Acres, | | 5 | 14 7 |
| The proven value and upset-price of these subjects is | | L. 21,951 | 14 6 |
| But they are now to be set up at the reduced price of | | 19,500 | 0 0 |

The coals and iron-stone under 45 acres or thereabouts of these lands, called Mounthoolly, belong to Mr Wellwood of Garvock, and those under 70 acres or thereabouts of the northmost part of the lands most distant from the house, have been disposed of, with the general coalleries of Lusear and Clune, and Wester Walkridge.

There is no value put upon a substantial and convenient mansion-house of ten rooms, besides closets, nor upon a complete set of new elegant office-houses, pigeon-house, and fruit-wall, which have lately cost above £200 l. nor on the reserved coal and iron-stone in about 230 acres of the lands. The valued rent is nearly equal to three freehold qualifications, and the land-tax and other consequential burdens are remarkably low in proportion to the real rent.

The place is well known to be convenient and beautiful almost beyond description, with the finest near and distant prospects that can be met with. The trees are very thriving and beautiful.—The lands are mostly low rented, as they may, with little exception, be considered as borough acres. There is an advance of rent, by agreements for feus since the judicial rental was taken, of about 20 l. per annum; and there cannot be a doubt of its advancing considerably by a number of buildings on the various outlets, and new streets begun round the populous and increasing town of Dunfermline, more especially if the collieries were once set fairly to work, and there was a resident heritor, who could give regular feus immediately.

AS ALSO,

The following Parcels of the Lands of HERMITAGE, in the parish of South Leith, viz.

1. Robert Watt's late Feu, consisting of about 3 acres 26 falls, and on which there are several new houses built; gross rent, 23 l. 14 s. 9 d.; feu duty to the Trinity Hospital valuing barley at 12 s. 6 d. per boll, 5 l. 2 s. 3 d.; free rent, 18 l. 13 s. 5 d.—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Proven value of this parcel, and at which it was set up formerly, | L. 280 | 0 0 |
| To be exposed now at the reduced price of | 250 | 0 0 |

2. James Alison's late Feu; a Garden, with a large new House thereon, containing about 4 acres 1 rood 6½ falls; gross rent 34 l. 10 s. 2 d.; Feu duty, converting the the barley as above 7 l. 7 s. 3 d.; free rent, 27 l. 2 s. 10 d.—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| The proven value, and at which it was set up formerly, | 420 | 0 0 |
| To be exposed now at the reduced price of | 365 | 0 0 |

3. William Wright's Feu—A Nursery, containing five acres; gross rent 26 l. 5 s.; feu-duty, 5 l. 12 s. 1 d free rent 20 l. 12 s. 11 d.—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Proven value at which it was set up formerly, | 350 | 0 0 |
| To be exposed now at the reduced price of | 310 | 0 0 |

N. B. There is a very copious spring of water in the center of this lot.

The title deeds, rentals, and plans of the estate, with the articles and conditions of sale, will be seen in the hands of Messrs John Callendar depute clerk of session, and William Anderson clerk to the signet.

Adam Paterson, overseer upon the estate of Dunfermline, will show the premises in Fifeshire; and Alexander Marr gardener, on the south side of Leith Links, those at Hermitage.

---

## PRICE of BANGHOUSEWALLS, &c.

REDUCED.

TO be Sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 26th of November 1783, between the hours of six and seven afternoon,

The LANDS of BANGHOUSEWALLS, lying in the parish of Eccles and county of Berwick, and divided into two possessions, one possessed by Walter Gray, called The Infield of Banghousewalls, rented at L. 25 0 0

The other, called Banghousewalls Hill, possessed by Robert Forsyth, at the rent of 30 0 0

L. 55 0 0

These lands, with a small clump of planting, measure 55 English acres, and are now to be exposed at 1100 l. Sterling, being only twenty years purchase.

Also Three Inclosures of ECCLESHILLS, lying in the said parish and county. One of them, named Glebe Park, is not under lease, and valued at the rent of L. 24 3 0

The other two, named Shiels Park and Gladeholes Park, are possessed by William Wood, at the rent of 37 4 0

Stripes of planting, valued yearly at 1 0 0

L. 62 7 0

These inclosures, with the planting, measure 63 English acres, and are now to be exposed at 1247 l. Sterling, being only twenty years purchase.

The progress of writs, plan of the lands, and articles of roup, to be seen in the hands of William Bethun writer in Edinburgh.

---

TO be SOLD, by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse of Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 11th December 1783, at five o'clock afternoon,

### The Lands of KILLHILL, GARLOWBANK,

LANGBANK, and part of SHIELHILL, lying within the parishes of Kirriemuir and Othlaw, and sheriffdom of Forfar, and paying about 356 l. Sterling of free rent, which rises after Michaelmas 1788 to 370 l.

This estate consists of 1388 Scots acres, whereof 728 are arable. It lies about a mile east from Kirriemuir, and within three miles of Forfar.—There is near and easy access to marle from the Loch of Kinnordie on the one hand, and from the Loch of Forfar upon the other; by the use of which manure the lands may be greatly improved, and the rental raised, especially as no rent is presently put upon 340 acres lately set apart to this estate on the division of the forest of Platon. The lands hold partly of the Crown, and partly of a subject. Those held of the Crown are valued at 590 l. 8 s. 2 d.

ALSO, the Lands of DRAKEMYRE, ACHNADY, and BURNHEAD, lying within the parish of Othlaw, and sheriffdom of Forfar, presently paying of free rent about 51 l. Sterling, but which soon rises to 58 l. These lands consist of about 240 Scots acres, whereof 120 are arable, and 22 good haugh and meadow ground. They lie contiguous to the above estate, and hold of a subject superior for payment of a trifling feu-duty.

For further particulars, apply to David Erskine clerk to the signet, who has power to conclude a private bargain for both or either of the above estates.

---

## FARM IN BERWICKSHIRE.

TO be LET for 26 years, or such a number of years as can be agreed on, and entered to at Whitsunday 1784,

The Farm of PRESTON WEST MAINS, lying in the parish of Buncle and county of Berwick. This farm consists of about 620 acres, whereof above 400 acres is dry low-lying ground, situated on the banks of the water of White-water, which surrounds three sides of the farm, and is a sufficient fence for sheep, the other side is mostly inclosed.—A great part of the ground is adapted for turnips and part of it hath been limed within these three or four years. It is well sheltered, hath plenty of water for inclosures, and is free of all burdens, such as thirlage, tythes, &c.

Thomas Bell farmer at Preston East Mains, or Andrew Jardine there will show the farm and proposals for the same may be made either to Robert Ainslie at Berrywell near Dunse, or to James Walker writer to the signet, Edinburgh.

---

To be SOLD by public roup, in Whole or in Lots as purchasers shall incline,

### THE Lands of MOSSHALL, LATCHBRAE,

and REDHUEGH, consisting of about 200 English acres, most agreeably situated upon both sides of the great road from Edinburgh to Glasgow, and parish of Whitburn.

LOT I.—The Lands of Mosshall, consisting of about 60 Scots acres. Upon this lot is a neat mansion-house of six fire rooms, garden and offices, with a considerable quantity of barren planting, all inclosed and subdivided by thriving hedges, which are mostly fenceible, at a proper distance from the high road, the 19th mile-stone at the foot of the entry. As this lot is all in the proprietor's possession, a purchaser may have immediate access.

LOT II.—The Lands and Farm of Latchbrae, with the Public House at Blackburne Bridge, consisting of about 70 Scots acres, 20 of which are under lease at 15 s. per acre, the rest at present in grass.

LOT III.—The Farm of Redheugh, consisting of about 32 Scots acres, under a lease to John Fulton at 18 l. 10 s. rent yearly.

This estate is all inclosed and subdivided with hedge and ditch, in the neighbourhood of lime and coal, and, when last set, yielded about 10 l. Sterling rent.

The purchaser or purchasers may retain a considerable part of the price if they chuse, upon granting security upon the lands.

James Faichney at Mosshall will show the house and lands.

Any person or persons wanting to purchase the whole or a part by private bargain, may apply to Mr Middleton at Leith, the proprietor, or Robert Auld writer, New Stairs, Edinburgh.

The day of roup will be mentioned in a future advertisement.

---

## JUDICIAL SALE.

TO be SOLD, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, upon the 10th December next, between the hours of four and five afternoon,

### The Lands and Estate of DUNNASKINE,

which belonged to the deceased John Shaw of Dunnaskine, lying in the parishes of Coylton and Dalmellington, and county of Ayr.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| The proven yearly rent of these lands is, | | L. 141 | 0 0 | |
| Deduce one-fifth for teind, the proprietor not having right to the teinds, | L. 28 0 0 | | | |
| Public burdens, | 1 2 7 2-12ths | | | |
| | | 29 | 2 7 | 2-12ths |
| Free rent, | | L. 111 | 17 4 | 10-12ths |
| Upset-price whereof, at twenty-two years purchase, | | L. 2461 | 2 10 | 4-12ths |
| Add, value of free teind at five years purchase, after deducing minister's stipends, &c. | | 94 | 4 1 | 2-12ths |
| Total proven value of property-lands, | | L. 2555 | 6 1 | 6-12ths |
| Feu-duties payable yearly from certain subjects lying in the town of Dalmellington, feued to Robert Macgill and Gilbert Macwhirter, 1 l. 10 s Sterling, which, valued at twenty-five years purchase, is | | 37 | 10 0 | |
| Total proven value of the lands under sale, | | L. 2593 | 16 11 | 6-12ths |

The lands are situated in the heart of a fine country, and capable of great improvement.

The title-deeds and articles of sale may be seen in the hands of John Buchan writer to the signet, or John Callender depute-clerk of Session.

---

## SALE OF LANDS

IN THE COUNTIES OF WIGTON AND KIRKCUDBRIGHT.

TO be SOLD by voluntary roup, within the British Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 28th of January next, betwixt five and six afternoon, The following LANDS, belonging to Nathaniel Agnew of Ochiltree, Esq; lying in the stewartry of Kirkcubright, viz.

PARCEL I. The Lands of Cairoch, Craiglour, and Blackmark, lying in the parish of Dalry, at present in the proprietor's natural possession. When last in lease, these lands were let at 120 l. Sterling.

II. The Lands of Fingland, in the same parish, presently under lease for 18 years to run from Whitsunday 1784, at the rent of 70 l. Sterling.

These two parcels hold blench of the Crown, and are valued in the cess-books 400 l. Scots

III. The Lands of Cornharrow and Corlea, in the same parish at present under lease for 18 years to run from Whitsunday 1784, at the rent of 45 l. Sterling. These lands hold blench of the Crown, and are rated in the cess-books at 150 Scots.

AS ALSO,

To be SOLD by public roup, upon Wednesday the 17th of February next, within the house of James M'Colm vintner in Wigton, at four o'clock afternoon, the following LANDS belonging to Mr Agnew, lying in the shire of Wigton, viz.

PARCEL I. The Lands of CHANG, in the parish of Mochrom, under lease for 18 years from Whitsunday 1784, at the rent of 44 l. Sterling; holding blench of the Crown, and rated in the cess-books at 133 l. 6 s. 8 d. Scots of valuation.

II. The Lands of ALTIERY, in the same parish, under lease at 45 l. Sterling, which expires at Whitsunday 1786. These lands hold blench of the Crown, and are valued at 95 l. Scots.

III. The Lands of CULMALZIE and KIRRIELYAN, in the parish of Kirkenner, paying at present 115 l. Sterling of rent, by two leases, which expire in 1784 and 1786. These lands hold feu of the Crown, for payment of 11 l. 4 s. 6 d. Sterling, and are rated at 153 l. 18 s. 8 d. Scots valued rent. They are completely inclosed and subdivided. There are houses on the lands for two separate farms, in good order.

IV. The Lands of AIRLIES, lying contiguous to Culmalzie, in the same parish, under lease to run for seventeen years from Whitsunday 1784, at the rent of 40 l. Sterling, holden feu of the Crown for payment of 11 s. 3 d. 8-12ths Sterling yearly, and are rated in the cess-books at 76 l. 16 s. Scots.

The whole lands are improveable. Chang and Altiery lie convenient for improvement by lime and shells from the adjacent Bay of Luce. Culmalzie and Kirrielyan lie near the burgh of Wigton, and the harbour of Bladenock, where lime and shells are to be easily had.—There have been considerably advanced rents offered for these lands.

For further particulars, apply to William Maconnel writer in Wigton, or to Archibald Tod writer to the signet, Edinburgh, who will show the title-deeds, the current leases, and a plan of the lands, and to whom any person wanting to know the upset prices, or inclining to make a private bargain may apply.

---

EDINBURGH: Printed for and by JOHN and THOMAS ROBERTSON, and sold at their Printing-house in the PARLIAMENT-CLOSE, where ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in. This Paper is regularly published every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday.——The price as follows: *viz.* 46 *s. 6d. per annum*, when sent by post; 40*s.* 6*d.* when sent to any house in this city or suburbs; 37 *s. 6 d.* when called for at the Printing-house; and a single paper 3*d.*